

Wriggle and Crawl



I can explain the differences between things that are living, dead and things that have never been alive.	I know how animals are adapted to survive in the habitat in which they live.	I know that minibeasts can be identified and grouped by their features, such as their colour, shape, number of legs or their body parts.	I can describe how animals get their food from plants and other animals. I can show this using a simple food chain.	I know some of the ways that minibeasts protect and defend themselves from predators that want to eat them.	I know why honey bees are so important to our planet and can describe their life cycle.
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Key Vocabulary

Minibeast

Insect

Habitat

Microhabitat

Adapt

Alive

Dead

Life cycle

Food chain

Survive

Recycle

Prey

Predators

If something is alive it will move, grow, feed, get rid of waste and need oxygen. If something used to be able to do these but can't anymore we say they are dead. If they have never been able to do these things then they have never been alive.



Polar bears have adapted to live in the arctic as they have thick, white fur. This keeps them warm and camouflages them.

Lions have adapted to live in Africa as there is plenty of food for them and they can hid in the long grass.



A minibeast is a small bug. Lots of minibeasts have similar features so we can group them by these features.

Minibeasts with legs



Minibeasts with no legs



One way minibeast protect themselves is by using camouflage. This is when an animal blends into the background so it can't be seen.

Can you spot the butterflies?



Some animals such as wasps and bees have a string to protect themselves.



Food chains show us what animals eat.

This food chain shows us that a shrew will eat seeds but then the fox will eat the shrew.



Bees help to pollinate flowers, so more and more flowers can keep growing. Without bees we also would not have honey.

Life Cycle of a Honeybee

